

Contents

<i>Preface</i>	page xv
<i>Acknowledgements</i>	xviii
Part I Bulk water	1
1. Uniqueness of water	3
1.1 Introduction	3
1.2 Molecular structure	4
1.3 Six unique features	7
1.4 Modeling of water	9
1.5 Conclusion	10
2. Anomalies of water	13
2.1 Anomalous properties	13
2.1.1 Density maximum	13
2.1.2 Isobaric specific heat (C_p)	15
2.1.3 Isothermal compressibility (κ_T)	15
2.1.4 Coefficient of thermal expansion (α_p)	16
2.1.5 Dynamic anomalies present at low temperature	17
2.2 Translational and orientational order	19
2.3 Temperature–density range of water anomalies	21
2.4 Conclusion	22
Appendix 2.A Microscopic expressions of specific heat, isothermal compressibility, and coefficient of thermal expansion	23
Appendix 2.B Quantification of spatial order in water	24
3. Dynamics of water: molecular motions and hydrogen-bond-breaking kinetics	27
3.1 Introduction	27
3.2 Timescales of translational and rotational motion	28

3.3	Jump reorientation motion in water	30
3.4	Effects of temperature on water motion	33
3.5	Translational diffusion	35
3.6	Hydrogen-bond lifetime dynamics	36
3.7	Vibrational dynamics of the O-H bond	39
3.8	Dielectric relaxation	40
3.9	Solvation dynamics	42
3.10	Ionic conductivity of rigid ions in water	45
3.11	Electron transfer reactions in water	47
3.12	Motion becomes collective at low temperature	49
3.13	Conclusion	50
Appendix 3.A	Rotational time correlation functions	51
Appendix 3.B	Quantification of hydrogen-bond lifetime dynamics	58
4.	Inherent structures of liquid water	61
4.1	Introduction	61
4.2	Transition between inherent structures of water	66
4.3	Connected water cluster moves during transition	67
4.4	HB network restructuring	67
4.5	Coordination number fluctuation in inherent structure and corresponding dynamics in parent liquid	68
4.6	Low-energy excitations in liquid water	69
4.7	Conclusion	69
5.	The pH of water	71
5.1	Introduction	71
5.2	Temperature and pressure dependence of pH	73
5.3	Mechanism of autoionization	74
5.4	pH of blood	75
5.5	Food and blood pH	76
5.6	pH of seawater	77
5.7	Conclusion	77
Part II	Water in biology	79
6.	Biological water	81
6.1	Introduction	81
6.2	Relaxation measurements	83
6.3	Unique characteristics of biological water	83
6.4	Phenomenological models and simple theories	84
6.5	Protein-glass transition and hydration-layer dynamics	88

6.6	Protein aggregation and biological water	90
6.7	Conclusion	90
	Appendix 6.A The dynamic exchange model	91
7.	An essential chemical for life processes: water in biological functions	97
7.1	Introduction	97
7.2	Role of water in enzyme kinetics	99
7.3	Role of water in drug-DNA intercalation	101
7.4	Role of water in the biological function of RNA	105
7.5	Water-mediated molecular recognition	107
7.6	Protein folding and protein association: role of biological water	109
7.7	Role of water in beta-amyloid aggregation in Alzheimer disease	109
7.7.1	Role of water in the early stages of oligomer formation	110
7.7.2	Role of water in the late stages of fibril growth	111
7.8	Role of water in photosynthesis	112
7.9	Conclusion	114
8.	Hydration of proteins	117
8.1	Introduction	117
8.2	What is the thickness of the hydration shell?	118
8.3	How structured is the water in the hydration shell of a protein?	121
8.4	Orientational arrangement of water molecules at the surface	123
8.5	Dynamics of the protein hydration shell: experimental studies	124
8.5.1	Dielectric spectrum	124
8.5.2	Nuclear magnetic resonance studies	126
8.5.3	Quasi-elastic neutron-scattering experiments	127
8.5.4	Vibrational spectroscopy	128
8.5.5	Solvation dynamics	129
8.6	Conclusion	131
	Appendix 8.A Orientation of water molecules in the hydration layer	132
9.	Understanding the protein hydration layer: lessons from computer simulations	135
9.1	Introduction	135
9.2	Molecular motion in the hydration layer	136
9.3	Hydrogen-bond lifetime dynamics	140
9.4	Computer simulation of solvation dynamics	142
9.5	Dielectric relaxation	143
9.6	Explanation of anomalous dynamics in the hydration layer	144
9.7	Protein-glass transition at 200 K: role of water dynamics	144

9.8	Free-energy barrier for escape of water molecules from protein hydration layer	146
9.9	Conclusion	146
10.	Water in and around DNA and RNA	151
10.1	Introduction: the unique role of water in stabilizing DNA and RNA	151
10.2	Hydration of different constituents	152
10.3	Groove structure and water dynamics	153
10.4	Translational and rotational dynamics of water molecules in the grooves	153
10.5	Solvation dynamics	155
10.6	Entropy of groove water and dynamics	156
10.7	Correlation between diffusion and entropy: Adam-Gibbs relation	157
10.8	Sequence dependence of DNA hydration: spine of hydration in AT minor groove	159
10.9	Effects of nanoconfinement and surface-specific interactions	161
10.10	Water around RNA	161
10.10.1	Structure of water around RNA	162
10.10.2	Dynamics of water around RNA	162
10.11	Conclusion	162
	Appendix 10.A Hydrogen-bonding pattern around DNA	163
11.	Protein-DNA interaction: the role of water as a facilitator	167
11.1	Introduction	167
11.2	Structural analysis of protein-DNA complex: classification of hydration water	168
11.3	Dynamics of water around a protein-DNA complex	169
11.4	Role of water in thermodynamics of protein-DNA interactions	170
11.5	Protein diffusion along DNA	174
11.6	Conclusion	174
12.	Water surrounding lipid bilayers: its role as a lubricant	177
12.1	Introduction	177
12.2	Hydration of different constituents: phospholipids and buried proteins	179
12.3	Rugged energy landscape for water motion	179
12.4	Translational and rotational dynamics of water	180
12.5	Solvation dynamics	181
12.6	Transport of small molecules across the bilayer	182

12.7	Transport of large molecules across the bilayer	184
12.8	Electrostatic potential across the membrane	184
12.9	Conclusion	185
13.	The role of water in biochemical selection and protein synthesis	187
13.1	Introduction	187
13.2	Role of water in kinetic proofreading	188
13.2.1	Brief analysis of the Hopfield–Ninio approach to kinetic proofreading	190
13.2.2	Analysis of experimental results in the light of the Hopfield–Ninio formulation	190
13.2.3	Aminoacylation of tRNA during protein synthesis	192
13.2.4	tRNA selection in ribosome	194
13.2.5	DNA replication	196
13.3	Water as a lubricant of life	196
13.4	Conclusion	197
Part III	Water in complex chemical systems	199
14.	The hydrophilic effect	201
14.1	Introduction	201
14.2	Water near ions	202
14.3	Water near an extended hydrophilic surface	204
14.4	Aqueous hydrophilic binary mixtures	207
14.4.1	Water–urea binary mixture	208
14.4.2	Water–guanidinium hydrochloride binary mixture	209
14.5	Aqueous salt solutions	209
14.5.1	Ionic conductivity	209
14.5.2	Viscosity	211
14.6	Conclusion	212
15.	The hydrophobic effect	215
15.1	Introduction	215
15.2	Hydrophobic hydration	217
15.3	Temperature dependence of hydrophobicity: enthalpy versus entropy stabilizations	219
15.4	Hydropathy scale	220
15.5	Pair hydrophobicity and potential of mean force between two hydrophobic solutes	221
15.6	Biological applications of potential of mean force	223
15.6.1	Protein folding	224

15.6.2	Hydrophobic association	227
15.6.3	Pattern formation in chiral molecules	227
15.7	Hydrophobic collapse of polymers	227
15.7.1	The Flory-Huggins theory	228
15.8	Molecular-level understanding of hydrophobic interaction	230
15.9	Hydrophobic force law	234
15.10	Hydrophobicity at different length scales	234
15.11	Conclusion	235
Appendix 15.A	Pratt-Chandler theory	236
15.A.1	Cavity distribution functions	237
15.A.2	Theory for A-W and A-A pair correlations	239
16.	The amphiphilic effect: the diverse but intimate world of aqueous binary mixtures	243
16.1	Introduction: the role of aqueous mixtures in chemistry and biology	243
16.2	Non-ideality of amphiphilic binary mixtures	245
16.3	Water-DMSO binary mixture	245
16.4	Water-alcohol binary mixture	249
16.4.1	Aqueous methanol solution	250
16.4.2	Aqueous ethanol solution	250
16.4.3	Water-tertiary butyl alcohol	250
16.5	Water-acetone binary mixture	252
16.6	Water-dioxane binary mixture	252
16.7	Liquid-liquid structural transformation in aqueous binary mixtures: a generic phenomenon for amphiphilic solutes	253
16.8	Theoretical development	254
16.9	Biological applications	256
16.10	Conclusion	258
17.	Water in and around micelles, reverse micelles, and microemulsions	261
17.1	Introduction: different self-assemblies in water	261
17.2	Structure of micelles and reverse micelles	262
17.2.1	Micelles	262
17.2.2	Reverse micelles	263
17.3	Dynamics of water surrounding micelles	265
17.4	Free-energy landscape of hydrogen-bond arrangements at the surface	266
17.5	Reverse micelles and microemulsions: dynamics of water	268
17.6	Orientational dynamics	269
17.7	Core-shell model	270

17.8	Distance-dependent relaxation near the core of the reverse micelle: propagation of surface-induced frustration	273
17.9	Ising model description of the dynamics	273
17.10	Conclusion	274
18.	Water in a carbon nanotube: nature abhors a vacuum	277
18.1	Introduction	277
18.2	Type and structures of carbon nanotubes	277
18.3	Structure of water inside a carbon nanotube	278
18.4	Dynamics and transport of water	279
18.4.1	Translational motion of water inside a CNT	279
18.4.2	Rotation of water molecules within a CNT	280
18.5	Nanotubes as a filtration device	282
18.6	Conclusion	283
Part IV	Advanced topics on water	285
19.	The entropy of water	287
19.1	Introduction	287
19.2	Relation between entropy and diffusion	291
19.2.1	Diffusion-entropy scaling relation: the Rosenfeld relation	291
19.2.2	The Adam-Gibbs relation	293
19.3	Calculation of the entropy of water	295
19.3.1	From structure	296
19.3.2	From dynamics	297
19.4	Entropy from cell theory	298
19.5	Entropy of water in confined systems (reverse micelles, carbon nanotubes, grooves of DNA)	299
19.6	Conclusion	300
Appendix 19.A	Entropy for translational degree of freedom of an ideal gas (Sackur-Terode equation)	301
Appendix 19.B	Entropy for vibrational degree of freedom	302
Appendix 19.C	Entropy for rotational degree of freedom	303
20.	The freezing of water into ice	305
20.1	Introduction	305
20.2	Phase diagram of water and ice	306
20.3	Ice formation in micro-droplets	307
20.4	A lesson from the freezing of interacting spheres and the difference from water	308
20.5	The freezing of water	308

20.6	Nucleation of an embryo	309
20.7	The freezing of water in computer simulations	310
20.8	Mechanism of ice formation	311
20.9	Freezing inside nanotubes	314
20.10	Conclusion	315
21.	Supercritical water	317
21.1	Introduction	317
21.2	Inhomogeneous density fluctuation in supercritical fluids	318
21.3	Crossing the Widom line	320
21.4	Spectroscopic studies of supercritical fluids	320
21.5	Conclusion	322
22.	Approaches to understand water anomalies	323
22.1	Introduction	323
22.2	Reason for density maximum	327
22.3	Reason for large isobaric specific heat of water	327
22.4	Percolation model of water	327
22.5	Hydrogen-bond network rearrangement dynamics	330
22.5.1	Energy landscape view of hydrogen-bond rearrangement dynamics	331
22.5.2	Depolarized Raman scattering profile	333
22.6	Low-temperature anomalies	334
22.7	Conclusion	341
	<i>Epilog</i>	345
	<i>Index</i>	349

The color plates will be found between pages 78 and 79.