

Contents

Preface to the Second Edition IX

From the Preface to the First Edition X

Contributors XI

1 Introduction and General Aspects 1

Gerhard Michal and Dietmar Schomburg

- 1.1 Organization of This Book 1
 - 1.1.1 Conventions Used in This Book 3
 - 1.1.2 Common Abbreviations 3
- 1.2 Carbohydrate Chemistry and Structure 4
 - 1.2.1 Structure and Classification 4
 - 1.2.2 Glycosidic Bonds 5
- 1.3 Amino Acid Chemistry and Structure 5
 - 1.3.1 Structure and Classification 6
 - 1.3.2 Peptide Bonds 6
- 1.4 Lipid Chemistry and Structure 6
 - 1.4.1 Fatty acids 6
 - 1.4.2 Acylglycerols and Derivatives 7
 - 1.4.3 Waxes 7
 - 1.4.4 Glycerophospholipids 7
 - 1.4.5 Plasmalogens 7
 - 1.4.6 Sphingolipids 7
 - 1.4.7 Steroids 8
 - 1.4.8 Lipoproteins 8
- 1.5 Physico-Chemical Aspects of Biochemical Processes 8
 - 1.5.1 Energetics of Chemical Reactions 8
 - 1.5.2 Redox Reactions 9
 - 1.5.3 Transport Through Membranes 9
 - 1.5.4 Enzyme Kinetics 10

2 The Cell and Its Contents 14

Gerhard Michal and Dietmar Schomburg

- 2.1 Classification of Living Organisms 14
- 2.2 Structure of Cells 14
 - 2.2.1 Prokaryotic Cells 14
 - 2.2.2 General Characteristics of Eukaryotic Cells 15
 - 2.2.3 Special Structures of Plant Cells 17
 - 2.2.4 Special Structures of Animal Cells 18
- 2.3 Protein Structure and Function 18
 - 2.3.1 Levels of Organization 19
 - 2.3.2 Protein Function 21
- 2.4 Enzymes 21
 - 2.4.1 Catalytic Mechanism 21
 - 2.4.2 Isoenzymes 23
 - 2.4.3 Multienzyme Complexes 23
 - 2.4.4 Reaction Rate 23
 - 2.4.5 Classification of Enzymes 23
- 2.5 Regulation of the Enzyme Activity 24
 - 2.5.1 Regulation of the Quantity of Enzymes 24
 - 2.5.2 Regulation of the Activity of Enzymes 24
 - 2.5.3 Site of Regulation 26
- 2.6 Nucleic Acid Structure 26
 - 2.6.1 Components of Nucleic Acids 26
 - 2.6.2 Properties of RNA Chains 27
 - 2.6.3 Properties of DNA Chains 27
 - 2.6.4 Compaction Levels of DNA Chains 28
- 2.7 Genetic Code and the Flow of Information 30
 - 2.7.1 From DNA to RNA 30
 - 2.7.2 From Nucleic Acids to Proteins – The Genetic Code 30
 - 2.7.3 Influence of Errors 31

- 2.8 Polymeric Carbohydrates 31
 - 2.8.1 Polymeric Carbohydrates in Energy Storage 31
 - 2.8.2 Polymeric Carbohydrates as Structural Elements 32

2.9 Glycosylated Proteins and Peptides 32

- 2.9.1 Glycoproteins 33
- 2.9.2 Proteoglycans 33
- 2.9.3 Peptidoglycans 35

2.10 Lipid Aggregates and Membranes 35

3 Metabolism 37

3.1 Carbohydrate Metabolism and Citrate Cycle 37

Röbke Wünschiers

- 3.1.1 Glycolysis and Gluconeogenesis 37
- 3.1.2 Polysaccharide Metabolism 42
- 3.1.3 Pyruvate Turnover and Acetyl-Coenzyme A 46
- 3.1.4 Di- and Oligosaccharides 48
- 3.1.5 Metabolism of Hexose Derivatives 48
- 3.1.6 Pentose Metabolism 51
- 3.1.7 Amino Sugars 54
- 3.1.8 Citrate Cycle 55
- 3.1.9 Glyoxylate Metabolism 57

3.2 Amino Acids and Derivatives 58

Röbke Wünschiers

- 3.2.1 Nitrogen Fixation and Metabolism 58
- 3.2.2 Glutamate, Glutamine, Alanine, Aspartate, Asparagine and Ammonia Turnover 59
- 3.2.3 Proline and Hydroxyproline 62
- 3.2.4 Serine and Glycine 62
- 3.2.5 Lysine, Threonine, Methionine, Cysteine and Sulfur Metabolism 65
- 3.2.6 Leucine, Isoleucine and Valine 72
- 3.2.7 Phenylalanine, Tyrosine, Tryptophan and Derivatives 74
- 3.2.8 Histidine 79
- 3.2.9 Urea Cycle, Arginine and Associated Reactions 80

3.3 Tetrapyrroles 82

Martina Jahn and Dieter Jahn

- 3.3.1 Pathways for the Biosynthesis of Tetrapyrroles 82
- 3.3.2 Heme and Cytochrome Biosynthesis 86
- 3.3.3 Linear Tetrapyrroles 87
- 3.3.4 Biosynthesis of Chlorophylls 90
- 3.3.5 Biosynthesis of Cobalamins 91
- 3.3.6 Siroheme Biosynthesis 91

3.4 Lipids and Glycolipids 93

Röbke Wünschiers

- 3.4.1 Fatty Acids and Acyl-CoA 93
- 3.4.2 Triacylglycerols (Triglycerides) 98
- 3.4.3 Phospholipids 100
- 3.4.4 Glycolipids 104

3.5 Steroids and Isoprenoids 107

Röbke Wünschiers

- 3.5.1 Cholesterol 107
- 3.5.2 Hopanoids, Steroids of Plants and Insects 110
- 3.5.3 Isoprenoids 111
- 3.5.4 Steroid Hormones 114
- 3.5.5 Gestagen 115
- 3.5.6 Androgens 116
- 3.5.7 Estrogens 117
- 3.5.8 Corticosteroids 119
- 3.5.9 Bile Acids 121

3.6	Nucleotides and Nucleosides 124 <i>Röbke Wünschiers</i>	4.1.3	Bacterial Protein Synthesis 214
3.6.1	Purine Nucleotides and Nucleosides 124	4.1.4	Degradation of Nucleic Acids 217
3.6.2	Pyrimidine Nucleotides and Nucleosides 130	4.2	Protein Biosynthesis in Eukarya 219 <i>Röbke Wünschiers</i>
3.7	Cofactors and Vitamins 133 <i>Ida Schomburg</i>	4.2.1	Eukaryotic Transcription 219
3.7.1	Retinol (Vitamin A) 133	4.2.2	Regulation of Eukaryotic Transcription 226
3.7.2	Thiamin (Vitamin B ₁) 134	4.2.3	Eukaryotic Translation 228
3.7.3	Riboflavin (Vitamin B ₂), FMN and FAD 135	4.2.4	Translational Regulation 231
3.7.4	Pyridoxine (Vitamin B ₆) 136	4.2.5	mRNA Degradation 231
3.7.5	Cobalamin (Coenzyme B ₁₂ , Vitamin B ₁₂) 137	4.3	Cell Cycle in Eukarya 232 <i>Stefan Ries</i>
3.7.6	Folate and Pterines 138	4.3.1	Core Components of the Cell Cycle Machinery 232
3.7.7	Pantothenate, Coenzyme A and Acyl Carrier Protein (ACP) 141	4.3.2	Cell Cycle Regulation in Yeast 234
3.7.8	Biotin 141	4.3.3	G ₁ to S Transition in Mammalian Cells 234
3.7.9	Nicotinate, NAD ⁺ and NADP ⁺ 143	4.3.4	G ₁ to M Transition in Mammalian Cells 235
3.7.10	Ascorbate (Vitamin C) 145	4.3.5	Mitosis in Mammalian Cells 235
3.7.11	Calciferol (Vitamin D) 146	4.3.6	Cell Cycle Checkpoints 236
3.7.12	Tocopherol (Vitamin E) 148	4.4	Posttranslational Modification of Proteins 238 <i>Röbke Wünschiers</i>
3.7.13	Phylloquinone and Menaquinone (Vitamin K) 148	4.4.1	Protein Processing in the Endoplasmic Reticulum 238
3.7.14	Other Compounds 149	4.4.2	Glycosylation Reactions in the Golgi Apparatus 241
3.8	Nucleic Acid Metabolism in Bacteria 149 <i>Susanne Peifer and Elmar Heinzle</i>	4.4.3	Terminal Carbohydrate Structures of Glycoconjugates 243
3.8.1	Bacterial DNA Replication 149	4.5	Protein Folding, Transport/Targeting and Degradation 244 <i>Petra Dersch</i>
3.8.2	Bacterial DNA Repair 151	4.5.1	Folding of Proteins 244
3.8.3	Degradation of Nucleic Acids 156	4.5.2	Vesicular Transport and Secretion of Proteins 248
3.9	Nucleic Acid Metabolism in Eukarya 157 <i>Helmut Burtscher</i>	4.5.3	Protein Transport into the Nucleus 249
3.9.1	Eukaryotic DNA Replication 157	4.5.4	Protein Transport into Mitochondria 252
3.9.2	Eukaryotic DNA Repair 162	4.5.5	Protein Transport into Chloroplasts 254
3.10	Special Bacterial Metabolism and Biosynthesis of Antimicrobials 164 <i>Julia Garbe, Annika Steen and Max Schobert</i>	4.5.6	Protein Degradation 256
3.10.1	Bacterial Envelope 164	4.5.7	Protein Degradation by the Ubiquitin-Proteasome System 258
3.10.2	Bacterial Protein Export across the Cytoplasmic Membrane 166	5	Viruses 261 <i>Klaus Klumpp</i>
3.10.3	Protein Transport across the Outer Membrane of Gram-Negative Bacteria 167	5.1	General Characteristics of Viruses 261
3.10.4	Bacterial Transport Systems 168	5.1.1	Genomic Characteristics of Viruses 261
3.10.5	Bacterial Fermentations 169	5.1.2	Structure 263
3.10.6	Anaerobic Respiration 173	5.2	DNA Viruses 264
3.10.7	Chemolithotrophy 175	5.2.1	Papillomavirus 264
3.10.8	Quinoenzymes, Alkane and Methane Oxidation 178	5.3	RNA Viruses 267
3.10.9	Antibiotics 179	5.3.1	Hepatitis C Virus 267
3.11	Electron Transfer Reactions and Oxidative Phosphorylation 183 <i>Martina Jahn and Dieter Jahn</i>	5.4	Retroviruses 268
3.11.1	General Principles 183	5.4.1	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) 268
3.11.2	Different types of electron transport chains 183	6	Transport 272
3.11.3	The Energetic Basis of the Oxidative Phosphorylation 183	6.1	Transport Through Membranes 272 <i>Wilhelm Just</i>
3.11.4	Electron Transport System in Mitochondria and Bacteria 184	6.1.1	Systems of Eukaryotic Membrane Passage 272
3.12	Photosynthesis 188 <i>Dieter Oesterheld and Josef Wachtveitl</i>	6.1.2	Channels/Pores 272
3.12.1	Light Reaction 188	6.1.3	Solute Carriers 276
3.12.2	Dark Reactions 192	6.1.4	Primary Active Transport Systems 277
3.13	Plant Secondary Metabolism 193 <i>Antje Chang</i>	6.1.5	Import by Endocytosis and Pinocytosis 278
3.13.1	Phenolics 194	6.1.6	The Cytoskeleton as Means for Intracellular Transport and Cellular Movements in Eukarya 278
3.13.2	Terpenoids 198	6.2	Transport of Lipids in Plasma 279 <i>Horst Klima</i>
3.13.3	Nitrogen-containing Secondary Metabolites 201	6.2.1	Apolipoproteins (Apo) 279
4	Protein Biosynthesis, Modifications and Degradation 210	6.2.2	Plasma Lipoprotein Metabolism 279
4.1	Protein Synthesis in Bacteria 210 <i>Martina Jahn and Dieter Jahn</i>	6.2.3	Lipid Transport Proteins 281
4.1.1	Bacterial Transcription 210	6.2.4	Lipoprotein Receptors 281
4.1.2	Regulation of Bacterial Gene Expression 212	6.2.5	Lipid Metabolic Disorders 282

6.3	Oxygen Transport by Hemoglobin 282	8.1.3	Development and Maturation of the Cellular Components 328
	<i>Gerhard Michal</i>	8.1.4	Antigen Receptor of B Lymphocytes, Antibodies 330
6.3.1	Biosynthesis and Properties of Hemoglobin and Myoglobin 282	8.1.5	Complement System 334
6.3.2	Oxygen Binding to Hemo- and Myoglobin 283	8.1.6	Antigen Receptor of T Lymphocytes 336
6.3.3	Hemoglobin Diseases in Humans 285	8.1.7	Antigen Presentation by MHC Molecules 337
		8.1.8	Cytokines, Chemokines and Receptors 338
7	Signal Transduction and Cellular Communication 286	8.2	Generation of a Specific Immune Response 343
	<i>Gerhard Niederfellner</i>	8.2.1	Activation of T Cells 343
7.1	Intercellular Signal Transmission by Hormones 286	8.2.2	CD4 ⁺ T Effector Cells, Regulation of the Immune Response 344
7.1.1	General Characteristics of Hormones 286	8.2.3	Activation of B Cells 345
7.1.2	General Characteristics of Receptors 286	8.2.4	Lymphocyte Circulation and Generation of Cellular and Humoral Immune Responses in Lymphoid Tissue 345
7.1.3	Insulin and Glucagon 287	8.2.5	Cellular Cytotoxicity and Apoptosis 347
7.1.4	Epinephrine and Norepinephrine (Catecholamines) 287	8.2.6	Interactions between the Immune System and the Neuroendocrine System 350
7.1.5	Hypothalamus-Anterior Pituitary Hormone System 287	8.2.7	Immunological Tolerance 350
7.1.6	Placental Hormones 291	8.2.8	Induction of Specific Immune Responses against Pathogens 351
7.1.7	Hormones Regulating the Extracellular Ca ⁺⁺ , Mg ⁺⁺ and Phosphate Concentrations 292	8.3	Pathologic Immune responses 352
7.1.8	Hormones Regulating the Na ⁺ Concentration and the Water Balance 292	8.3.1	IgE-Mediated Hypersensitivity of the Immediate Type 352
7.1.9	Hormones of the Gastrointestinal Tract 293	8.3.2	Autoimmunity 353
7.2	Nerve Conduction and Synaptic Transmission 294	8.4	Adhesion of Leukocytes 354
7.2.1	Membrane Potential 294		<i>Anton Haselbeck</i>
7.2.2	Conduction of the Action Potential along the Axon 294	9	Blood Coagulation and Fibrinolysis 357
7.2.3	Transmitter Gated Signalling at the Synapse 294		<i>Peter Müller</i>
7.2.4	Voltage Gated Signalling at the Synapse 296	9.1	Hemostasis 357
7.2.5	Postsynaptic Receptors 296	9.2	Initial Reactions 358
7.2.6	Axonal Transport 296	9.2.1	Reactions Initiated by the Tissue Factor 358
7.3	Principles of Intracellular Communication 296	9.2.2	Contact Activation 358
7.4	Receptors Coupled to Heterotrimeric G-Proteins 299	9.2.3	Generation of Binding Surfaces 358
7.4.1	Mechanism of Heterotrimeric G-Protein Action 300	9.3	Coagulation Propagation and Control 359
7.4.2	cAMP Metabolism, Activation of Adenylate Cyclase and Protein Kinase A 302	9.3.1	Requirements for Protease Activity 359
7.4.3	Activation of Phospholipase C and Protein Kinase C 302	9.3.2	Pathways Leading to Thrombin 359
7.4.4	Metabolic Role of Inositol Phosphates and Ca ⁺⁺ 303	9.3.3	Key Events 359
7.4.5	Muscle Contraction 305	9.3.4	Controlled Propagation 360
7.4.6	Visual Process 307	9.3.5	Generation of Fibrin 361
7.4.7	Olfactory and Gustatory Processes 308	9.4	Platelets (Thrombocytes) 362
7.4.8	Arachidonate Metabolism and Eicosanoids 309	9.5	Fibrinolysis 364
7.5	Receptors Acting Through Tyrosine Kinases 311	9.5.1	Pathways of Plasminogen Activation 364
7.5.1	Regulatory Factors for Cell Growth and Function 311	9.5.2	Control of Fibrinolysis 365
7.5.2	Components of the Signal Cascades 311	10	Biochemical Networks, Bioinformatics and Systems Biology 366
7.5.3	Receptor Tyrosine Kinases 312		<i>Dietmar Schomburg</i>
7.5.4	Tyrosine Kinase-Associated Receptors (TKaR) 315	10.1	Systems Biology and Networks 366
7.6	Programmed Cell Death (Apoptosis) 319	10.2	Modeling of Metabolic Fluxes 366
7.7	Receptors for Steroid and Thyroid Hormones, for Retinoids and Vitamin D 321	10.3	Biochemical Pathways Information Resources 366
7.8	Cyclic GMP Dependent Pathways and Effects of Nitric Oxide (NO) 322	10.3.1	Overview 366
7.8.1	Membrane Bound Guanylate Cyclases 323	10.3.2	Detailed Description of Some Databases 367
7.8.2	Soluble Guanylate Cyclases and Their Activation by Nitric Oxide (NO) 323	Index 374	
7.8.3	Protein Kinase G 323		
8	Immune System 325		
	<i>Ernst Peter Rieber</i>		
8.1	Components of the Immune System 325		
8.1.1	Innate, Non Adaptive Immune System 325		
8.1.2	Specific, Adaptive Immune System 328		