

Contents

Preface to the Second Edition

v

Preface to the First Edition

vii

Part I Water and Mineral Relation of Plants

1. Cell and Cell Organelles

1.1-1.34

Background, Size and Shape of a Cell, Prokaryotic, Eukaryotic and Mesokaryotic Cell, Difference between Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Cells, Plants and Animal Cells, Ultrastructure of a Eukaryotic Plant Cell, Physical and Chemical Nature of Protoplasm, Plasma Membrane: Structure and Function, Cell Wall Structure and Function, Cytoplasm Inclusions—Structure and Function of Metabolically Active Particles: Endoplasmic Reticulum, Ribosomes-70S and 80S, Difference between 70S and 80S Ribosomes, Lysosomes, Golgi Bodies, Mitochondria, Plastids, Peroxisomes, Glyoxysomes, Sphaerosomes, Lomasomes, Metabolically Inactive Particles—Reserve, Secretory and Waste Products, Vacuoles, Nucleus Structure and Function, Chromosome Structure and Function. Problems: Subjective and Objective Types, Further Readings

2. Forms of Solutions

2.1-2.7

Crystallloid, Colloid and Suspension, Emulsion, Molar, Molal, Normal, Percentage and ppt . Solutions, Properties of Colloidal Solutions, Difference between Crystallloid, Colloidal Solution and Suspension, Buffer Solution, Surface Tension, Acids, Bases and Salts, Concept of pH . Problems: Subjective and Objective Types

3. Behaviour of Cells Towards Water

3.1-3.22

Permeability, Permeability of Membrane to Different Substances, Difference between Semipermeable and Differentially Permeable Membrane, Permeability and Permeation, Factors Affecting Permeability, Theories of Cell Membrane Permeability, Difference between Permeability and Imbibition, Diffusion, Direction of Diffusion, Diffusion through a Membrane, Factors Affecting Diffusion, Significance of Diffusion, Osmosis, Endosmosis and Exosmosis, Difference between Diffusion and Osmosis, Factors Influencing Osmotic Pressure, Significance of Osmosis, Reverse osmosis, Imbibition, Imbibitional Pressure, Factors Influencing Imbibition, Significance of Imbibition, DPD-Definition, DPD at Different Cell Conditions, Water Potential, Components of Water Potential, Water Potential of Cells at Different Conditions, Difference between Water Potential and DPD, Plasmolysis, Significance of Plasmolysis. Problems: Subjective and Objective Types, Further Readings

4. Absorption and Translocation of Water

4.1-4.20

Absorption of Water: Chemistry of Water, Importance of Water to Plants, Soil Water Status, Different Types of Soil, Significance of Soil Texture in Relation to Absorption, Water Holding Capacity of the Soil, Permanent Wilting Percentage, Readily Available Water, Total Soil Moisture Stress, Soil Dryness, Forms of Water held with Soil, Water Absorbing System of Plants, Young Root Showing Different Zones, Mechanism of Water Absorption, Active Absorption Theory, Passive Theory of Water Absorption, Difference between Active and Passive Absorption, Factors Affecting Absorption of Water, Special Methods of Water Absorption

Translocation of Water/Sap: Direction of Translocation of Sap, Path of Translocation, Structure of Xylem, Mechanism of Ascent of Sap, Vital Theory: Relay Pump, Pulsation and Root Pressure Theory, Physical Force Theory: Imbibition, Capillary, Atmospheric Pressure, and Transpiration Pull Theory. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type; Further Readings

5. Loss of Water from Plants

5.1-5.18

Transpiration, Kinds of Transpiration, Difference between Transpiration and Evaporation, Guttation, Difference between Transpiration and Guttation, Exudation, Transpiration Ratio, Stomatal Transpiration, Structure of a Stoma, Mechanism of Stomatal Movement, Glycolate Hypothesis, Starch-Sugar Interconversion Hypothesis and K^+ Transport and Hormonal Regulation Theory, ABA Induced Stomatal Closure, Stomatal Movement in Succulents, Stomatal Index, Diffusion Capacity and Stomatal Efficiency, Antitranspirants, Mid-day Stomatal Closure, Factors Affecting Stomatal Movement, Significance of Transpiration, Factors Affecting Rate of Transpiration. Effect of blue light on stomatal movement, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

6. Mineral Nutrition and Absorption

6.1-6.22

Mineral Nutrition: Essential and Non-Essential Elements, Major and Minor Elements, Classification of Elements, Biological Significance of Mineral Elements: Balanced Nutrient Solutions, Modes of Culture: Water Culture, Sand Culture and Aeroponics, Role of Macroelements: Macroelements Source: Physiological Functions and Deficiency Symptoms, Microelements Source: Physiological Functions and Deficiency Symptoms, Difference between Chlorosis and Etiolation. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type

Absorption of Mineral Salts: Mineral Elements: Source and Distribution, Difference between Absorption and Adsorption, Site of Mineral Absorption, Mechanism of Mineral Absorption: Passive (Diffusion, Ion Exchange, Donnan Equilibrium and Mass Flow Hypothesis) and Active (Carrier Concept and Electro-Chemical) Theory, Difference between Active and Passive Absorption: Factors Affecting Salt Absorption. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

7. Translocation of Solutes

7.1-7.19

Transport Phenomenon in Plants, Translocation of Sugars and Nitrogenous Substances, Direction of Translocation, Path of Translocation, Structure of Phloem and Sieve Tube, Form of Sugar Translocated in Phloem, Translocation Rates and

Velocities, Mechanism of Phloem Translocation: Passive Mechanism: Diffusion Theory, Activated Diffusion Theory, Interfacial Flow Theory, Pressure Flow Theory, Active Mechanism: Electro-Osmotic Theory, Protoplasmic Streaming Theory, Transcellular Streaming Theory and Contractile Protein Theory. Phloem Loading and Unloading, Factors Affecting Phloem Translocation, Translocation of Growth Regulators, Translocation of Inorganic Solutes, Indicators and Non-Radio Active Tracers. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

Part II Metabolism

8. Enzymes

8.1-8.35

Introduction, Endoenzyme and Exoenzyme, Historical Background, Difference Between Enzymes and Catalysts, Distribution of Enzymes, Chemistry of Enzymes: Simple Protein Enzyme and Conjugated Enzymes, Difference between: Enzymes and Coenzymes, Coenzymes and Inorganic Cofactors, Enzymes and Hormones, Coenzymes and Vitamins. Isoenzymes, Allosteric Enzymes, Multienzyme System, Nomenclature of Enzymes, Classification of Enzymes, Mechanism of Enzyme Action, Mechanism of Enzyme-Substrate Complexing: Lock-key Theory and Induced Fit Theory, Properties of Enzymes. Competitive, Non-Competitive and uncompetitive, Feed Back Inhibition, Enzyme Kinetics, Line weaver-Burk plot Michaelis constant Line Weaver Burk Plot, Factors Affecting Enzyme Activity, Biological Role of Enzymes. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

9. Photosynthesis

9.1-9.88

Introduction, Importance of Photosynthesis, Historical Background, Raw Materials for Photosynthesis, Photosynthetic Pigments, Photo-Oxidation and Epoxide Cycle, Synthesis of Chlorophyll and Carotenoids, Distribution of Photosynthetic Pigments, Pigment System I and II, Difference Between PSI and PSII, Organization of Pigment System I and II, Light: Composition, Energy of Different Colours of Light, Absorption Spectrum, Action Spectrum, Excited Singlet State, Fluorescence, and Phosphorescence, Red Drop and Emerson Effect

Mechanism of Photosynthesis: Light Reaction and Dark Reaction, Mechanism of Light Reaction: Photo-Oxidation and Photochemical Phase, Photolysis of Water, Water Oxidizing Complex, Non-Cyclic and Cyclic Electron Transport, Difference between Cyclic and Non-Cyclic Electron Transport System, Protection of PSII Reaction Centre Against Photoinhibition, Repairing of PSII Reaction Centre, Phosphorylation, Difference between Photophosphorylation and Oxidative Phosphorylation, Mechanism of Phosphorylation: Different Theories Proposed, Structure of Enzyme ATP Synthase, Mechanism of Enzyme-substrate Complexing, Assimilatory Power, Bioenergetics of Light Reaction, Efficiency of Light Reaction

Dark Reaction: Path of Carbon in Photosynthesis, C_3 Pathway: Mechanism and Efficiency, RuBisCO, Path of Carbon in C_4 Plants: Kranz Anatomy of Leaves of C_4 Plants, Classification of C_4 Plants, Mechanism, Bioenergetics and Significance of C_4 Cycle, Difference between C_3 and C_4 Cycle, Development of C_4

- Photosynthesis, C_2 Cycle: Historical Account, Site of Photorespiration, Difference of Photorespiration from Dark Respiration, Mechanism of Photorespiration in C_3 Plants, Photorespiration in C_4 Plants and CAM Plants; Significance of Photorespiration, Photorespiration is Essential Evil, Photorespiration is a Wasteful Process? Control and Bioenergetics of Photorespiration. CAM Pathway: Introduction, Historical Account and Distribution, Difference between CAM Plants and C_4 Plants, Mechanism of Carbon Flow During Night and Day, Significance of the Cycle, Mechanism of Regulation of CAM Cycle, Energetics of CAM Pathway, Reductive Carboxylic Acid Cycle, Bacterial Photosynthesis; Difference between Bacterial and Plant Photosynthesis, Mechanism of Bacterial Photosynthesis, Evolutionary Aspect of Photophosphorylation, Chemosynthesis, Difference between Bacterial Photosynthesis and Chemosynthesis, Gibbs Effect, Principle of Limiting Factors, Factors Affecting Photosynthesis, Chlororespiration, Interaction between Chlororespiration, Mitochondrial Respiration and Photosynthesis, Significance of Chlororespiration, Differences between Chlororespiration and Photorespiration, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings
- 10. Carbohydrate** **10.1–10.23**
 Definition, Biological Significance of Carbohydrate, Classification of Carbohydrates, Structure of Monosaccharides, Properties of Monosaccharides, Glucosides, Isomerism, Glycosidic Linkage, Oligosaccharides, Reducing and Non-Reducing Sugars, Sucrose, Lactose, Maltose, Cellobiose, Polysaccharides: Homopolysaccharides, Heteropolysaccharides, Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen, Chitin, Mucilage, Pectin, Insulin, Hemicellulose, Conjugated Sugar, Starch Metabolism, Test for Reducing Sugar and Starch, Artificial Sweeteners; Saccharin; Aspartame, Acesulfame K, Sweetness of Some Sugars and Artificial Sweeteners, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings
- 11. Special Modes of Nutrition in Plants** **11.1–11.14**
 Classification of Plants on the Basis of Mode of Nutrition, Photosynthetic Autophytes, Chemosynthetic Autophytes, Facultative Heterotrophs, Symbiotic Plants, Insectivorous Plants—*Nepenthes*, *Sarracenia*, *Cephalotus*, *Drosera*, *Dionaea*, *Aldrovanda*, *Utricularia*, *Pinguicula*, *Saprophytes*, *Neottia*, *Monotropa*, Stem and Root Parasites—*Rafflesia*, *Cuscuta*, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings
- 12. Nitrogen Metabolism** **12.1–12.21**
 Forms of Nitrogen, Importance of Nitrogen to Plants, Sources of Nitrogen: Atmospheric and Soil Nitrogen, Reduction of Nitrate into Ammonia, Kinds of Nitrate Reductase Enzymes, Interaction of Nitrogen and Carbon Assimilation, Biological Nitrogen Fixation,—Asymbiotic and Symbiotic, Site of N_2 Fixation, Structure of Heterocyst, Exchange of Metabolites between Vegetative Cells and Heterocyst, Differentiation and Structure of Nodule, Distribution of N_2 Fixing Enzyme, Structure and Biochemistry of Enzyme Nitrogenase, Mechanism of N_2 -Fixation, Energetics, Assimilation of Ammonia, Regulation of Nitrogen Fixation, Protection of Enzyme Nitrogenase, Fate of Fixed Nitrogen; Putrifaction, Ammonification, Nitrification, Denitrification,

Nitrogen Cycle, Human Activities Affecting Nitrogen Cycle, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

13. Amino Acid Metabolism 13.1–13.15

Introduction, Structure of Amino Acids, Classification of Amino Acids, Properties of Amino Acids, Synthesis of Amino Acids, Catabolism of Amino Acids, Functions of Amino Acids

14. Protein Metabolism 14.1–14.29

Protein and Polypeptide, Biological Significance and Distribution of Proteins, Protein Quality, Configuration of Proteins, Classification of Proteins, Properties of Proteins, Biosynthesis of Protein, Mechanism of Protein Synthesis: Transcription—Uncoiling of DNA Molecule, Synthesis and Action of Enzyme RNA Polymerase, Synthesis of *mRNA*; Translation—Activation and Selection of Amino Acids, Charging of *tRNA* Molecules, Formation of Protein Synthesizing Apparatus and Chain Initiation, Chain Elongation and Termination, Post Translational Modifications, Differences between Protein Synthesis of Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes, Shine Dalgarno Sequence, Protein Synthesis in Mitochondria and Chloroplasts, Expenditure of Energy During Protein Synthesis, Inhibitors of Transcription, Inhibitors of Protein Synthesis, Disintegration of Protein, Central Dogma Concept, Regulation of Protein Synthesis; Gene Regulation in Prokaryotes, Structure of Operon Model, Mechanism of Regulation, Negative Control of Lac Operon, Positive Control of Lac Operon by CAP and Cyclic AMP, Gene Regulation in Eukaryotes: Unusual Plant Proteins, Test for Protein. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

15. Nucleic Acid Metabolism 15.1–15.26

Biological Significance of Nucleic Acids, Distribution of Nucleic Acids, Properties of Nucleic Acid, Forms of DNA, Structure of Nucleic Acids, Structure of B-DNA, Difference Between DNA and RNA, B-DNA and Z-DNA, Single Stranded DNA, *tRNA*, *mRNA*, *rRNA*, Replication of DNA, Mechanism of Replication—Conservative, Dispersive and Semi-Conservative Models, Replication of Double Stranded DNA, How Replication Differs in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes, Structure of Enzyme DNA Polymerase, Replication of Single Stranded DNA, Replication of circular DNA—Rolling Circle Model and Opposing Rolling Circle Model, Replication of RNA, Genetic Code, Properties of Codons, Wobble Pairing. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

16. Lipid Metabolism 16.1–16.33

Biological Significance of Lipids, Distribution of Fats in Plants and Animals, Components of Fat: Fatty Acids and Alcohols, Types of Fatty Acids in Different Oils/Fats, Classification of Lipids, Properties of Fats, Hydrolytic and Oxidative Rancidity, Auto-Oxidation of Unsaturated Fatty Acid, Synthesis of Fat, Synthesis of Fatty Acids, Synthesis of Unsaturated Fatty Acids, Regulation of Fatty Acid Synthesis and Glycerol Condensation of Fatty Acids and Glycerol; Animal and

Plant Fat, Commercial Utilization of Fats: Vanaspati Ghee, Refined Oil, Trans Fats, Catabolism of Fats; α and β -oxidation, Energetics and Efficiency of β -Oxidation, Breakdown of Glycerol, Energetics of Glycerol Breakdown, Glyoxylate Cycle: Mechanism and Energetics, Artificial Fat: Olestra, Refined Oil, Trans Fats/Fatty Acids, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

17. Respiration

17.1–17.48

Combustion and Respiration, Difference between Plant and Animal Respiration, Different Kinds of Respiration, Biological Significance of Respiration, Difference Between Respiration and Photosynthesis, Respiratory Quotient, Photosynthetic Quotient, Dark Respiration: Aerobic and Anaerobic, Facultative and Obligate Anaerobes, Mechanism of Aerobic Respiration: Glycolysis, Link Reaction, Krebs Cycle, Terminal Oxidation of Reduced Coenzymes and Phosphorylation, Mechanism of Electron Transfer, Mechanism of Oxidative Phosphorylation: Oxidation of Cytosolic $\text{NADH} + \text{H}^+$ and Oxidation of Mitochondrial $\text{NADH} + \text{H}^+$, Energetics of Aerobic Respiration, Production-Consumption of Water Molecules; Efficiency of Aerobic Respiration, Mechanism of Anaerobic Respiration, Energetics and Efficiency of Anaerobic Respiration, Significance of Krebs Cycle, Regulation of Respiration and Glycolysis, Regulation of Pentose Phosphate Pathway, Transport of Acetyl CoA from Mitochondria to Cytosol; Activation and Inactivation of Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Complex; Cyanide Regulation of respiration Uncouplers of Phosphorylation, Pasteur Effect, Crabtree Affect Metabolic Mill, Cyanide Resistant Respiration, Structure of alternate oxidase enzyme Regulation of alternate oxidase pathway, Significance of cyanide resistant respiration, Oxidative Pentose Phosphate Pathway, Difference between Oxidative Pentose Phosphate Pathway and Glycolytic Pathway, Pentose Phosphate Pathway—Mechanism, Metabolic Significance and Energetics, Regulation of Pentose Phosphate Pathway, Factors Affecting Respiration, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

Part III Growth and Developmental Physiology

18. Growth Development and Organogenesis

18.1–18.16

Introduction, Phases of Growth, Factors Affecting Growth, Differentiation, Development, Phototropism, Photomorphogenesis, Phytochrome, Distribution of Phytochrome, Mechanism of Phytochrome Action: Gene Concept Theory and Membrane Permeability Theory, Structure of Phytochrome, Interconversion of Pr to Pfr form, Difference of Pr Form from Pfr Form, Phytochrome Mediated Responses, High Irradiance Responses, Why do Plants have Phytochrome, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

19. Hormones/Growth Regulators

19.1–19.60

Growth Hormones and Growth Regulators, Difference between Animal Hormones and Plant Hormones.

Auxins: Historical Account, Forms and Distribution of Natural Auxins, Chemistry of Auxins, Bioassay of Auxins, Biosynthesis of Auxins, Transport of Auxin, Antiauxins and Auxin Antagonists, Allelopathic Compounds, Metabolism of Auxins, Mode of Action of Auxin, Auxin Regulated Primary Responses, Gene Expression, Chemiosmotic Theory of Auxin Transport, Physiological Effects of Auxin Gibberellins: Historical Account, Distribution of Gibberellins, Chemistry of Gibberellins, Gibberellin like Substances, Bioassay of Gibberellins, Mechanism of Gibberellin Action, Gibberellin induced α-amylase synthesis, sequential events. Molecular Basis of GA Action on Seed Germination, Cytokinin in Cell Cycle Regulation, other known Phytohormones. Physiological Role of Gibberellins, Anti Gibberellins, Relationship between Auxins and Gibberellins, Biosynthesis of Gibberellins, Inactivation of Gibberellins Cytokinins: Historical Background, Distribution of Cytokinins, Bioassay of Cytokinins, Mode of Action of Cytokinins, Physiological Roles of Cytokinins, Metabolism of Cytokinins Polyamines: Introduction, Biological Significance, Historical Background, Biosynthesis of Polyamines, Mechanism of Action, Structure of Some Polyamines, Role of Polyamines, Catabolism of Polyamines Ethylene: Introduction, Occurrence and Distribution, Bioassay and Biosynthesis of Ethylene, Catabolism of Ethylene, Mechanism of Ethylene Action, Commercial Uses of Ethylene, Physiological Effects of Ethylene Abscissic Acid: Introduction, Distribution and Structure of ABA, Bioassay of ABA, Biosynthesis of ABA, Catabolism, Mechanism of Action Physiological Role of ABA, Agricultural Applications of ABA, Growth Retarding Chemicals: Cycocel, Morphactins, Maleic Hydrazide, SADH, Phosphon D and Phosphon S Vitamins: Classification of Vitamins—Water Soluble and Fat Soluble. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings	
20. Physiology of Flowering Photoperiodism: Introduction, Historical Background, Classification of Plants: Short Day Plants, Long Day Plants, Day Neutral Plants, Photoperiodic Induction, Translocation of Flowering Stimulus, Florigen, Mechanism of Flowering: Phytochrome Theory, Bunning's Hypothesis and Chailakhyan's Hypothesis, Molecular Basis of Flowering: Flowering Time Genes, Floral Meristem Identity Genes, Floral Organ Identity Genes, Control of Flowering Time by Five Separate Developmental Pathways: Photoperiodic Pathway, Autonomous Pathway, Vernalization Pathway, Gibberellin Pathway and Energy Pathway, Mechanism of Floral Organ Differentiation at Molecular Level, ABC Model. Difference between Short Day and Long Day Plants, Importance of Photoperiodism Vernalization: Introduction, Site of Vernalization, Vernalization Stimulus, Technique of Vernalization, Mechanism of Vernalization; Hypothesis of Phasic Development and Hypothesis of Hormonal Involvement, Devernalization, Significance of Vernalization, Summary of Flower Initiation, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings	20.1–20.15

- 21. Senescence, Aging, Abscission and Polarity** 21.1–21.8
Senescence: Introduction, Types of Senescence, Mechanism of Senescence: Nutritional Theory, Hormonal Theory and Suicidal Theory, Physiological and Biochemical Changes During Senescence: Changes in Respiration, N_2 Fixation, Protein/amino Acids, Nucleic Acids, Organelles and Membrane Permeability, Hormonal Status, Death Hormones, Factors Affecting Senescence
Abscission: Morphological, Anatomical and Biochemical Changes during Abscission, Role of Hormones in Abscission, Biological Significance of Abscission, Factors Influencing Abscission, Aging, Polarity, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings
- 22. Dormancy and Germination of Seeds** 22.1–22.8
 Kinds of Dormancy, Factors Causing Dormancy of Seeds, Mechanism of Dormancy, Methods of Breaking Seed Dormancy, Seed Germination: Hypogeal, Epigeal and Viviparous, Structure of a Seed, Physiology and Biochemistry of Seed Germination, Translocation of Mobilized Products, Seedling Nutrition, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings
- 23. Movements in Plants** 23.1–23.13
 Introduction, Classification of Plant Movements, Phototactic and Chemotactic Movement, Movement of Curvature, Nutational Movements, Autonomic Movement of Variation, Paratonic Movement of Curvature, Phototropism, Geotropism Thigmotropism, Chemotropism, Hydrotropism, Nastic Movements, Difference Between Nastic and Tropic Movements, Nyctinastic Movements, Mechanism of Nyctinastic Movement, Seismonastic Movements, Mechanism of Seismonastic Movement. Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Reading
- 24. Stress Physiology** 24.1–24.8
 Introduction, Environmental Stresses—Biotic and Abiotic, Light Stress, Temperature Stress—High Temperature Stress and Low Temperature Stress, Salt Stress, Water Stress, Mechanism of Drought Resistance, Mechanism of Water Logged Adaptation, Air Pollutant Stress, Mechanism of Air Pollutant Stress Tolerance, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Reading
- 25. Tissue Culture** 25.1–25.17
 Introduction, Historical Background, Significance of Tissue Culture, Basic Needs of Tissue Culture: Nutrient Medium, Aseptic Condition and Aeration, Steps of Tissue Culture, Types of Cultures, Whole Plant Culture, Anther Culture, Ovary Culture, Nucellus Culture, Root Culture Meristem Culture, Leaf Culture, Somatic Hybridization, Somatic Hybrids and Sexual Hybrids, Steps of Somatic Hybridization, Regeneration of Plants, Applications of Tissue Culture, Terminology Used in Tissue Culture, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

26. Secondary Plant Metabolites**26.1-26.36**

Introduction, Classification of Phytochemical Substances: Terpenes, Phenolic Compounds, N-Containing Secondary Products, Different Kinds of Terpenes, Vulcanisation of Rubber, Biosynthesis of Terpenes, Structure of Terpenes, Resins, Phenolic Compounds, Kinds of Phenols, Formation of Coumarins, Structure of Lignin, Flavonoids: Introduction and Classification: Flavones, Flavonols, Isoflavones and Anthocyanidins, Tannins, Biosynthesis of Phenolic Compounds, Alkaloids, Kinds of Alkaloids, Classification of Alkaloids: Quinolizidine Alkaloids, Pyrrolidine-Pyridine Alkaloids, Piperidine-Pyridine Alkaloids, Tropane Alkaloids, Quinoline Alkaloids, Isoquinoline/Benzylisoquinoline, Indole Alkaloids, Amaryllidaceous Alkaloids, Purine Alkaloids, Glycosides: Cyanogenic Glycosides and Glycosinolates, Dyes, Secondary Metabolites of Microbial Origin: Toxin Antibiotics and Phytoalexin, Role of Secondary Metabolites, Degradation of Secondary Metabolites, Problems: Subjective and Objective Type, Further Readings

*Subject Index***I.1-I.8**