

Contents

Preface	page xv
Acknowledgements	xvii
1 Asking Questions about Primates	1
1.1 How Science Works	1
1.2 What It Takes to Be a Primatologist	4
1.3 This Book	8
1.4 Chapter Summary	14
1.5 Further Reading	14
2 Ethics in Primatology	17
2.1 Approaches to Ethics	17
2.2 Legal Requirements and Permits	18
2.3 Working with Captive Primates	18
2.4 Working with Wild Primates	19
2.5 Collecting Biological Specimens	21
2.6 Working with Human Participants	22
2.7 Working in the Natural Environment	22
2.8 Working Alongside Other People	23
2.9 Collaborating Effectively	24
2.10 Living in or Near Communities	26
2.11 Using Social Media	26
2.12 Reporting and Disseminating Outcomes	27
2.13 Chapter Summary	27
2.14 Further Reading	28
3 Keeping Science Healthy: Research Integrity	31
3.1 Research Misconduct	31
3.2 Review the Literature Fairly, Accurately, and Appropriately	33

3.3	Use Blind Protocols	33
3.4	Concentrate on Rigour, Not Statistical Significance	33
3.5	Report Studies Honestly and <u>Openly</u>	34
3.6	Admit Mistakes	35
3.7	Use Research Funds Appropriately	36
3.8	Respect the Peer-Review Process	36
3.9	Assign Authorship Credit Appropriately	36
3.10	Declare Conflicts of Interest	41
3.11	Be Kind	41
3.12	Chapter Summary	41
3.13	Further Reading	42
4	Inclusive Science	45
4.1	Gender	45
4.2	LGBTQIA+	46
4.3	Ethnicity	46
4.4	Social Background	46
4.5	Disability	46
4.6	Age	47
4.7	First Language	47
4.8	Country of Origin	47
4.9	Intersectionality	48
4.10	The Effects of Discrimination	48
4.11	What Can We Do to Address Inequities?	49
4.12	Chapter Summary	51
4.13	Further Reading	51
5	Understanding Statistical Evidence	53
5.1	Inferring from a Sample to a Population	53
5.2	Variables and Distributions	56
5.3	Statistical Relationships between Variables	57
5.4	Null Hypothesis Statistical Testing	58
5.5	What the p Value Means and Doesn't Mean	59
5.6	False Positives, False Negatives, and Statistical Power	61
5.7	Effect Sizes	62
5.8	Confidence Intervals	62
5.9	Alternatives to Null Hypothesis Statistical Testing	63
5.10	Interpreting Statistical Evidence Appropriately	64
5.11	Chapter Summary	64
5.12	Further Reading	65
6	Communicating Ideas in Writing	67
6.1	Start by Writing	67
6.2	Refine Your Draft	70
6.3	Get Feedback and Revise Your Draft	70

6.4	Write Simple, Clear, Concise English	72
6.5	Engage and Guide Your Reader	73
6.6	Write Sentences and Paragraphs	82
6.7	Use Effective Transitions	83
6.8	Use the Active Voice	83
6.9	Avoid Repetition, Redundancy, and Verbosity	84
6.10	Use Jargon Sparingly	84
6.11	Use Words Carefully	85
6.12	Use Abbreviations Sparingly	85
6.13	Avoid Logical Fallacies	85
6.14	Be Consistent with Species Names	89
6.15	Use Numbers and Units Accurately	89
6.16	Cite the Literature and Other Sources of Information Appropriately	92
6.17	Chapter Summary	93
6.18	Further Reading	94
7	Introduction to the Primates	97
7.1	Primate Distribution and Habitats	97
7.2	Primate Skeletons and Adaptations to Life in the Trees	99
7.3	Primate Diet and Dietary Adaptations	99
7.4	Primate Brains and Sensory Adaptations	100
7.5	Primate Life History and Reproduction	101
7.6	Primate Activity Patterns, Locomotion, and Ranging Patterns	104
7.7	Primate Social Behaviour	104
7.8	Primate Interactions with Other Species	109
7.9	Primate Diversity and Taxonomy	110
7.10	Chapter Summary	115
7.11	Further Reading	115
8	Why Study Primates?	119
8.1	Primates Are Interesting in Their Own Right	119
8.2	Primates Have Important Ecological Functions	121
8.3	Primates Help Us to Understand Our Own Evolution	122
8.4	Primates Are Important to Human Health	123
8.5	Primates Are Socially and Culturally Important	123
8.6	Primates Need Specialised Care in Captivity	123
8.7	Primates Are Threatened with Extinction	124
8.8	Chapter Summary	125
8.9	Further Reading	125

9	Identifying a Research Question	127
9.1	Fundamental and Applied Research	127
9.2	General Research Questions and Specific Case Studies	127
9.3	Where We Study Primates	128
9.4	Where Do Research Questions Come from?	129
9.5	Good Research Questions	132
9.6	Developing a Research Question	133
9.7	Chapter Summary	133
9.8	Further Reading	135
10	Finding Out What We Know	137
10.1	Sources of Information	137
10.2	Identifying Search Terms	138
10.3	Assessing the Quality of the Literature You Find	139
10.4	Reading Broadly	141
10.5	Choosing What to Read	143
10.6	Keeping Up with the Literature	144
10.7	Chapter Summary	144
10.8	Further Reading	145
11	Reading Journal Articles	147
11.1	General Advice on Reading	147
11.2	The title, Abstract, and Keywords	148
11.3	Reading the Introduction	148
11.4	Reading the Methods	149
11.5	Reading the Results	150
11.6	Reading the Discussion	150
11.7	Organising Your Reference Collection	151
11.8	Synthesising What You've Read	152
11.9	Chapter Summary	155
11.10	Further Reading	155
12	Formulating Hypotheses and Predictions and Designing a Study	157
12.1	Formulating Hypotheses	157
12.2	Deriving Predictions	158
12.3	Measuring Invisible Things	160
12.4	Testing for Differences between Categories	160
12.5	Testing for Associations between Quantitative Variables	162
12.6	Predictions Involving More than One Predictor Variable	163
12.7	Confounding Variables	164
12.8	Practical Constraints	164
12.9	Chapter Summary	165
12.10	Further Reading	166

13	Observing and Manipulating	167
13.1	Good Study Design	167
13.2	A Continuum of Control	168
13.3	Validity	168
13.4	Observation without Manipulation	169
13.5	Manipulative Research	170
13.6	Practical Constraints	173
13.7	Chapter Summary	173
13.8	Further Reading	176
14	Choosing Measures	177
14.1	General Advice on Methods	177
14.2	Are My Measures Valid?	178
14.3	Are My Measures Reliable?	178
14.4	Are My Measures Accurate?	179
14.5	Are My Measures Sensitive?	179
14.6	Are My Measures Feasible?	179
14.7	Chapter Summary	180
14.8	Further Reading	184
15	Planning Data Analysis	185
15.1	Getting Started	185
15.2	Types of Statistical Test	186
15.3	Independent Replicates and the Perils of Pseudoreplication	188
15.4	Choosing the Right Test	189
15.5	Testing for Differences between Groups	190
15.6	Testing for Differences within Subjects	192
15.7	Testing for Associations between Quantitative Variables	194
15.8	More Complicated Statistical Models	196
15.9	Other Useful Statistical Methods	201
15.10	Preparing a Detailed Analysis Plan	202
15.11	Collecting Data in the Format Needed for Analysis	203
15.12	Chapter Summary	204
15.13	Further Reading	204
16	Sampling and Statistical Power	207
16.1	Sampling Methods	207
16.2	Statistical Power	208
16.3	Determining an Appropriate Sample Size	209
16.4	Determining How Precise Your Estimate Will Be	210
16.5	Chapter Summary	212
16.6	Further Reading	213

17	Checking Feasibility and Finalising Your Plans	215
17.1	Logistics	215
17.2	Assessing Risk and Planning for Emergencies	216
17.3	Conducting a Pilot Study	217
17.4	Making a Timeline	218
17.5	Budgeting	219
17.6	Writing and Preregistering a Detailed Project Plan	220
17.7	Chapter Summary	222
17.8	Further Reading	222
18	Writing a Research Proposal	223
18.1	Identifying Sources of Funding	223
18.2	Prioritising and Planning	224
18.3	Understanding the Funder's Priorities	224
18.4	Seeking Advice	225
18.5	Writing the Proposal	226
18.6	Factors Affecting Success	235
18.7	Handling the Outcome	235
18.8	Chapter Summary	236
18.9	Further Reading	239
19	Collecting Data	241
19.1	Keep Track of Your Progress and Your Spending	241
19.2	Be Flexible and Open to Opportunities	242
19.3	Be Prepared for the Unforeseen	242
19.4	Collect Data Rigorously and Systematically	243
19.5	Don't Peek at Your Data	243
19.6	Keep Your Data and Samples Safe	244
19.7	Working with Other People	244
19.8	Chapter Summary	245
19.9	Further Reading	245
20	Conducting Fieldwork	247
20.1	What Does Fieldwork Take?	247
20.2	Permissions	248
20.3	Logistics	248
20.4	Field Kit	250
20.5	Personal Safety	251
20.6	The Social Context and Cultural Understanding	252
20.7	LGBTQIA+ Concerns	254
20.8	Natural Hazards	255
20.9	Physical Health	256
20.10	Mental Health	259
20.11	Returning Home and Re-insertion Syndrome	260

20.12	Chapter Summary	261
20.13	Further Reading	262
21	Analysing and Interpreting Data	263
21.1	Organising Your Work	263
21.2	Sticking to an Analysis Plan	264
21.3	Plotting Data to Check for Errors and Checking the Assumptions of Your Models	265
21.4	Running Analyses	266
21.5	Calculating Effect Sizes and Confidence Intervals	267
21.6	Interpreting the Results	267
21.7	Chapter Summary	268
21.8	Further Reading	269
22	Writing a Scientific Report	271
22.1	General Guidance	271
22.2	The Title: The Core Message of Your Report	276
22.3	The Introduction: Why You Did the Study	277
22.4	The Methods: How You Did the Study	280
22.5	The Results: What You Found	282
22.6	Presenting Your Data	284
22.7	Tables: Summarising Your Data	285
22.8	Figures: Illustrating Your Findings	286
22.9	The Discussion: What Your Findings Mean	288
22.10	The Abstract: A Concise, Stand-Alone Summary	289
22.11	The Keywords: Help Readers Find Your Article	290
22.12	Citations and the Reference List	290
22.13	The Acknowledgements	291
22.14	Appendices	291
22.15	Chapter Summary	292
22.16	Further Reading	297
23	Submitting to a Peer-Reviewed Journal	299
23.1	Choosing a Journal	299
23.2	Before You Submit	301
23.3	Publication Ethics and Misconduct	304
23.4	Highlights, Graphical Abstracts, and Lay Summaries	305
23.5	The Cover Letter and Suggesting Reviewers	306
23.6	Submission	306
23.7	The Review Process	307
23.8	The Editor's Decision	308
23.9	What to Do If Your Manuscript Is Rejected	308
23.10	Revising Your Manuscript	308

23.11	Resubmitting Your Manuscript	309
23.12	Acceptance and Publication	310
23.13	Chapter Summary	310
23.14	Further Reading	311
24	Presenting Your Work at a Conference	313
24.1	Conferences	313
24.2	Preparing and Submitting a Conference Abstract	316
24.3	Attending a Conference	317
24.4	General Advice on Presentations	318
24.5	Preparing an Oral Presentation	319
24.6	Presenting an Oral Presentation	320
24.7	Preparing a Poster Presentation	322
24.8	Presenting a Poster Presentation	323
24.9	Conference Etiquette	324
24.10	Chapter Summary	325
24.11	Further Reading	325
25	Conclusions	327
	Index	333