

Contents

About the Author.....	xvii
Preface to the Fourth Edition.....	xix
Preface to the Third Edition.....	xxi
Preface to the Second Edition.....	xxiii
Preface to the First Edition.....	xxv
Acknowledgments.....	xxix

PART I: GENES AND GENOME ORGANIZATION IN EUKARYOTES.....

1

Chapter 1 DNA, Gene Structure and DNA Replication.....	3
1.1 Overview.....	4
1.2 DNA is the Hereditary Material: A Brief History.....	4
1.3 The Central Dogma.....	6
1.4 The "RNA World" Came First?.....	8
1.5 The Molecular Structure of DNA.....	8
1.6 The Molecular Structure of RNA.....	11
1.7 The Double Helix.....	13
1.8 Complementary Base Pairing is Fundamental.....	14
1.9 DNA Exists in Several Forms.....	14
1.10 Genes.....	15
1.11 The Genetic Code for Protein-Coding Genes is a Triplet and is Degenerate ...	17
1.12 Gene Organization.....	18
1.13 Efficient DNA Replication is Essential.....	21
1.14 DNA Replication is Semiconservative.....	21
1.15 Replication Begins at Replication Origins.....	22
1.16 DNA Replication Occurs Only in the 5' to 3' Direction.....	23
1.17 Replication of DNA Requires an RNA Primer.....	24
1.18 Ligation of Replicated DNA Fragments.....	24
1.19 DNA Replication During Mitosis in Eukaryotes.....	25
1.20 Telomeres at the End: A Solution to the Loss of DNA During Replication ...	28
1.21 DNA Replication Fidelity and DNA Repair.....	28
1.22 Mutations in the Genome.....	29

1.23 Common Genetic Terminology.....	33
1.24 Independent Assortment and Recombination During Sexual Reproduction.....	33
References.....	34
Further Reading	36
Chapter 2 Transcription, Translation, and Regulation of Eukaryotic DNA	37
2.1 Overview.....	37
2.2 Introduction.....	38
2.3 RNA Synthesis is Gene Transcription.....	42
2.4 Transcription Involves Binding, Initiation, Elongation, and Termination.....	44
2.5 RNA Transcripts of Protein-Coding Genes	46
2.6 RNA of Protein-Coding Genes Must Be Modified and Processed in Eukaryotes	46
2.7 Splicing Out the Introns.....	48
2.8 Translation Involves Protein Synthesis.....	49
2.9 RNA Surveillance: Damage Control	53
2.10 Import and Export From the Nucleus.....	54
2.11 Transport of Proteins Within the Cytoplasm	55
2.12 mRNA Stability	56
2.13 Chaperones and the Proteasome	57
2.14 RNA Silencing or Interference and miRNAs.....	57
2.15 Gene Regulation in Eukaryotes	59
2.16 Insulators and Boundaries.....	64
2.17 Chromosome or Gene Imprinting in Insects	65
2.18 Eukaryotic Genomes and Evolution	67
References	68
Chapter 3 Nuclear and Extranuclear DNA in Insects	73
3.1 Overview.....	73
3.2 Introduction.....	74
3.3 C-Value Paradox: Is It Real?	75
3.4 Repetitive DNA is Common in Insects	76
3.5 Composition of Insect DNA	77
3.6 Chromosomes Are DNA Plus Proteins	77
3.7 Packaging Long Thin DNA Molecules Into Tiny Spaces.....	79
3.8 Structure of the Nucleus	80
3.9 Euchromatin and Heterochromatin	81
3.10 Centromeres	82
3.11 Telomeres	83
3.12 Chromosomes During Mitosis and Meiosis	85
3.12.1 Mitosis.....	85
3.12.2 Meiosis.....	88
3.13 Chromosome Damage.....	91
3.14 Polyteny	93

3.15 Chromosomal Puffing	94
3.16 B Chromosomes	94
3.17 Sex Chromosomes	95
3.18 Extranuclear Inheritance in Mitochondrial Genes	95
3.19 Transposable Elements (TEs) Are Ubiquitous Agents That Alter Genomes	99
References	99
Further Reading	102

Chapter 4 Genetic Systems, Genome Evolution, and Genetic Control of Embryonic Development in Insects

103

4.1 Overview	104
4.2 Introduction	105
4.3 Genetic Systems in Insects	106
4.4 Endopolyploidy is Common in Somatic Tissues of Arthropods	107
4.5 Genetics of Insects Other than <i>D. melanogaster</i>	107
4.6 Dynamic Insect Genomes	108
4.6.1 Horizontal Gene Transfer (HGT) From Microorganisms to Insects	108
4.7 B Chromosomes	110
4.8 Unique-Sequence DNA in the Nucleus	110
4.9 Middle-Repetitive DNA in the Nucleus	111
4.9.1 Heat-Shock Genes	111
4.9.2 Histone Genes	112
4.9.3 Immune-Response Genes	112
4.9.4 Ribosomal Genes	113
4.9.5 Silk Genes	114
4.9.6 Transfer RNA (tRNA) Genes	115
4.9.7 Vitellogenin Genes	115
4.9.8 Transposable Elements (TEs)	116
4.10 Highly Repetitive DNA	120
4.11 Producing Large Amounts of Protein and Gene Duplication	121
4.11.1 Chorion Genes in <i>Drosophila</i> and Moths	122
4.11.2 Insecticide Resistance	124
4.12 Multiple Genomes in or on Insects: What is the "Biological Individual"?	125
4.12.1 Multiple Symbionts	125
4.12.2 <i>Wolbachia</i> and <i>Cardinium</i>	130
4.12.3 Polydnnaviruses in Parasitoids	138
4.12.4 Gut Symbionts in Arthropods	139
4.12.5 Symbiosis in Attine Fungus-Growing Ants	141
4.12.6 Southern Pine Beetle Symbionts	144
4.12.7 Aphid Symbionts	145
4.12.8 Tsetse Fly Symbionts	147

4.13 Insect Development.....	147
4.13.1 Oocyte Formation in <i>D. melanogaster</i>	148
4.13.2 Embryogenesis in <i>D. melanogaster</i>	149
4.13.3 Postembryonic Development	151
4.14 Dissecting Development With <i>D. melanogaster</i> Mutants	152
4.14.1 Maternal-Effect Genes	153
4.14.2 Zygotic-Segmentation Genes	155
4.14.3 Insect Metamorphosis	159
4.15 Interactions During Development.....	159
4.16 Similarities and Differences in Development in Other Insects	159
4.16.1 Development in Other Insects	160
4.17 Evo-Devo and the Revolution in Developmental Studies.....	160
References	163
Further Reading	175
 PART II: MOLECULAR GENETIC TECHNIQUES.....	177
 Chapter 5 Some Basic Tools: How to Isolate, Cut, Paste, Copy, Measure, Visualize, and Clone DNA.....	179
5.1 Overview	180
5.2 Introduction to a Basic Molecular Biology Experiment.....	180
5.2.1 A Simple Cloning Experiment.....	181
5.2.2 The Pros and Cons of Kits	181
5.3 Extracting DNA From Insects	183
5.3.1 DNA Extraction Resulting in Loss of Specimens.....	183
5.3.2 DNA Extraction That Does Not Destroy the Specimen.....	184
5.3.3 Assessing Quality of Extracted DNA	185
5.4 Precipitating Nucleic Acids	185
5.5 Shearing DNA.....	187
5.6 Cutting DNA With Restriction Endonucleases.....	187
5.7 Joining DNA Molecules	189
5.8 Growth, Maintenance, and Storage of <i>E. coli</i>	190
5.9 Plasmids for Cloning in <i>E. coli</i>	190
5.10 Transforming <i>E. coli</i> With Plasmids.....	193
5.11 Purifying Plasmid DNA From <i>E. coli</i>	195
5.12 Electrophoresis in Agarose or Acrylamide Gels	196
5.13 Detecting, Viewing, and Photographing Nucleic Acids in Gels	198
5.14 Identifying Specific DNA by Southern Blot Analysis	198
5.15 Labeling DNA or RNA Probes	201
5.16 Removing DNA From Agarose Gels After Electrophoresis	201
5.17 Restriction-Site Mapping	201
5.18 The Perfect Genomic Library	202
5.18.1 Lambda (λ) Phage as a Vector	203

5.19 Complementary DNA (cDNA) Cloning	209
5.20 Enzymes Used in Molecular Biology Experiments.....	212
5.21 Isolating a Specific Gene From a Library	212
5.22 Labeling Probes by a Variety of Methods	216
5.23 Baculovirus Vectors for Expressing Foreign Polypeptides in Insect Cells	217
5.24 Microarray Analysis.....	218
References	220
Further Reading	221
Chapter 6 DNA Sequencing and the Evolution of the “-Omics”	223
6.1 Overview	224
6.2 Introduction.....	225
6.3 The Dideoxy or Chain-Terminating Method	226
6.4 Shotgun Strategies for Genomes	231
6.5 Automated Sanger Sequencers	232
6.6 Analyzing DNA Sequence Data	233
6.7 Data Banks.....	235
6.8 A Brief History of the <i>Drosophila</i> Genome Project.....	235
6.8.1 The Original <i>Drosophila</i> Genome Project.....	236
6.8.2 Actual <i>Drosophila</i> Genome Project.....	236
6.8.3 <i>Drosophila</i> Genome Analysis.....	237
6.8.4 Surprises in the <i>Drosophila</i> Genome.....	238
6.9 Next-Generation Sequencing Methods and Beyond	238
6.9.1 Second-Generation Methods.....	239
6.9.2 Third-Generation Sequencing	240
6.9.3 A DNA Sequencer in Every Pocket?	242
6.10 Bioinformatics.....	242
6.10.1 Gene Ontologies.....	244
6.11 Genome Analyses of Other Arthropods	245
6.11.1 What Do You Need to Do to Sequence Your Favorite Insect's Genome?	246
6.12 TEs as Agents of Genome Evolution	247
6.13 Transcriptomics.....	248
6.14 Metagenomics	249
6.15 Proteomics: Another “-Omic”.....	250
6.16 Functional Genomics	251
6.17 Structural Genomics—Another New Horizon?	252
6.18 Comparative Genomics.....	252
6.19 The Post-Genomic Era: Systems Genetics	253
6.20 The Earth Bio-Genome Project (EBP)	255
6.21 Standards.....	255
References	256
Further Reading	261

Chapter 7 DNA Amplification by the Polymerase Chain Reaction: Providing a Revolutionary Method for All Biologists	263
7.1 Overview	264
7.2 Introduction	265
7.3 The Basic Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)	266
7.3.1 The First Few Cycles Are Critical	268
7.3.2 PCR Power	268
7.3.3 Standard PCR Protocols	268
7.3.4 DNA Polymerases	272
7.3.5 Other Thermostable DNA Polymerases	272
7.3.6 Primers Are Primary	273
7.3.7 Storing Insects for the PCR	274
7.3.8 Preparing DNA Samples	275
7.3.9 PCR Automation	279
7.3.10 Specificity of the PCR	279
7.3.11 Detecting Primer Artifacts	281
7.3.12 How Many Cycles Does a PCR Need?	281
7.3.13 Reducing the Evils of Contamination	282
7.4 Some Modifications of the PCR	285
7.4.1 AFLP for DNA Fingerprinting	288
7.4.2 Anchored PCR	289
7.4.3 Arbitrary Primers	289
7.4.4 Asymmetric PCR	290
7.4.5 Degenerate Primers	290
7.4.6 Digital PCR	291
7.4.7 Hot-Start PCR	291
7.4.8 Inverse PCR	292
7.4.9 Long PCR or High-Fidelity PCR	292
7.4.10 Multiplex PCR	294
7.4.11 Nested PCR	296
7.4.12 PCR-RFLP	296
7.4.13 Quantitative PCR (qPCR)	296
7.4.14 Random Primers	297
7.4.15 Real-Time PCR	299
7.4.16 Reverse-Transcription PCR	299
7.4.17 TaqMan PCR	300
7.5 Some Research Applications	300
7.5.1 Amplifying Ancient DNA	300
7.5.2 Amplifying Old DNA	302
7.5.3 Detecting Pathogens in Vector Arthropods	303
7.5.4 Detecting Pesticide Resistance	303
7.5.5 Engineering DNA	303
7.5.6 Evaluate Efficacy of Disease Control	304
7.5.7 Evolutionary Analyses	304
7.5.8 Sequencing DNA	305

7.6 Multiple Displacement Amplification (MDA): Another Method to Amplify DNA.....	306
7.7 Concluding Remarks.....	306
References.....	307

Chapter 8 Transposable-Element Vectors and Other Methods to Genetically Modify *Drosophila* and Other Insects.....315

8.1 Overview.....	316
8.2 Introduction.....	317
8.3 <i>P</i> Elements and Hybrid Dysgenesis.....	317
8.4 <i>P</i> -Element Structure Varies.....	319
8.5 Transposition Method of <i>P</i> Elements.....	319
8.6 Origin of <i>P</i> Elements in <i>D. melanogaster</i>	320
8.7 <i>P</i> Vectors and Germ-Line Transformation.....	322
8.7.1 Protocols.....	322
8.7.2 Characterizing Transformants.....	325
8.8 Using <i>P</i> -Element Vectors.....	325
8.9 Transformation of Other Insects With <i>P</i> Vectors.....	326
8.10 Evolution of Resistance to Transposable Elements.....	327
8.11 Using <i>P</i> to Drive Genes Into Populations.....	329
8.12 Other TEs Can Transform <i>D. melanogaster</i>	329
8.13 Improved Transformation Tools for <i>Drosophila</i>	329
8.14 TE Vectors to Transform Insects Other Than <i>Drosophila</i>	330
8.15 Cross Mobilization of TE Vectors.....	331
8.16 Conversion of Inactive TE Vectors to Activity.....	332
8.17 Suppression of Transgene Expression.....	332
8.18 Other Transformation Methods.....	333
8.18.1 RNAi for <i>Drosophila</i>	333
8.18.2 Zinc-Finger Nucleases (ZFNs).....	336
8.18.3 Transcription Activator-Like Effector Nucleases (TALENs).....	337
8.18.4 Meganucleases (or Homing Endonucleases).....	338
8.18.5 Nanotechnology.....	338
8.19 Conclusions.....	339
References.....	339
Further Reading.....	344

Chapter 9 CRISPR-Cas Genome Editing: Another Revolution in Molecular Biology.....345

9.1 Overview.....	345
9.2 Introduction.....	346
9.2.1 What is CRISPR?.....	347
9.2.2 Origin of CRISPR Systems.....	348
9.2.3 Diversity of CRISPR Types.....	348
9.2.4 How CRISPR-Cas Works.....	349
9.3 CRISPR and Insects.....	350
9.3.1 Choosing Guide RNAs.....	353

9.3.2	How to Insert Components Into Preblastoderm Embryos.....	354
9.3.3	How to Identify Modified Insects.....	354
9.3.4	Identifying Specific Genes.....	354
9.3.5	Gene Drives to Control Insects.....	354
9.4	Patent Issues.....	355
9.5	Regulatory and Ethical Issues.....	356
9.6	Other Systems in the Future?	358
9.7	Conclusions.....	358
	References.....	358
	Further Reading	361
PART III: APPLICATIONS IN ENTOMOLOGY		363
Chapter 10 Sex Determination in Insects		365
10.1	Overview.....	366
10.2	Introduction.....	366
10.3	Costs and Benefits of Sexual Reproduction	367
10.3.1	Sexual Reproduction Has Costs	367
10.3.2	Advantages of Sex Must Be Large.....	367
10.3.3	Origin of Sex.....	368
10.4	Sex Determination Involves Soma and Germ-Line Tissues.....	370
10.5	Sex Determination in <i>D. melanogaster</i>	370
10.5.1	Dosage Compensation of X Chromosomes.....	370
10.5.2	Somatic-Sex Determination	373
10.5.3	Germ-Line Determination.....	376
10.6	Are Sex-Determination Mechanisms Diverse?.....	377
10.6.1	Intraspecific Variability	381
10.6.2	Environmental Effects.....	383
10.6.3	Postzygotic Sex Determination.....	383
10.7	A Single Model?	384
10.8	Meiotic Drive Can Distort Sex Ratios.....	386
10.8.1	Segregation Distorter (SD).....	387
10.8.2	Distorter in Mosquitos	387
10.8.3	Female-Biased Sex Ratios in Stalk-Eyed Flies	388
10.8.4	Meiotic Drive as a Pest-Management Tool?.....	388
10.9	Hybrid Sterility	388
10.10	<i>Medea</i> in <i>Tribolium</i>	389
10.11	Cytoplasmic Agents Distort Normal Sex Ratios	389
10.11.1	<i>Spiroplasma</i>	392
10.11.2	L-Form Bacteria	393
10.11.3	<i>Rickettsia</i>	393
10.11.4	<i>Wolbachia</i>	393
10.11.5	<i>Cardinium</i>	397
10.12	Paternal Sex-Ratio Chromosomes and Cytoplasmic Incompatibility in <i>Nasonia</i>	397
10.13	Male Killing in Coccinellidae.....	398

10.14 Sex and the Sorted Insects.....	398
10.14.1 Genetic Control.....	398
10.14.2 Genetic Improvement of Parasitoids.....	401
10.15 Conclusion	402
References	402
Chapter 11 Molecular Genetics of Insect Behavior.....	413
11.1 Overview.....	413
11.2 Introduction.....	414
11.3 The Insect Nervous System	416
11.4 Traditional Genetic Analyses of Behavior.....	418
11.4.1 Crossing Experiments	418
11.4.2 Selection Experiments.....	423
11.4.3 Some Polygenically Determined Behaviors	424
11.5 Molecular-Genetic Analyses of Insect Behavior	425
11.5.1 The Photoperiodic Clock	426
11.5.2 Learning in <i>Drosophila</i>	432
11.5.3 Functional Genomics of Odor Behavior in <i>Drosophila</i>	436
11.5.4 Behavior of <i>Apis mellifera</i>	437
11.5.5 Pheromones in Insects.....	438
11.5.6 Neurobiochemistry of <i>Drosophila</i>	439
11.5.7 Divergent Functions of Est-6 and Est-5 in Two <i>Drosophila</i> Species: A Cautionary Tale of Homologs	441
11.5.8 Courtship Behavior in <i>Drosophila</i>	442
11.5.9 Speciation Genes in <i>Drosophila</i> and Other Insects	444
11.5.10 Personality in Insects: <i>Tribolium confusum</i> , <i>Apis mellifera</i> , <i>Acyrtosiphon pisum</i> , and <i>Pyrrhocoris apterus</i>	445
11.5.11 Transition From Blood Feeding to Obligate Nonbiting in a Mosquito	447
11.6 Symbionts and Insect Behavior	447
11.7 Human Neurodegenerative Diseases and Addictions in <i>Drosophila</i>	448
11.8 High-Throughput Ethomics	450
11.9 Systems Genetics of Complex Traits in <i>Drosophila</i>	451
11.10 Social Behavior in Bees and Ants	452
11.11 Conclusions	453
References	453
Further Reading	461
Chapter 12 Molecular Systematics and the Evolution of Arthropods.....	463
12.1 Overview.....	464
12.2 Introduction.....	465
12.3 Controversies in Molecular Systematics and Evolution.....	468
12.3.1 Molecular Versus Morphological Traits	469
12.3.2 The Molecular Clock.....	469

12.3.3	The Neutral (or Nearly Neutral) Theory of Evolution	471
12.3.4	Homology and Similarity.....	471
12.4	Molecular Methods for Molecular Systematics and Evolution	472
12.4.1	Early Methods.....	472
12.4.2	Targets of DNA Analysis.....	473
12.4.3	High-Throughput Genomic Data	481
12.5	Steps in Phylogenetic Analysis of DNA Sequence Data	483
12.5.1	Gene Trees or Species Trees.....	483
12.5.2	Rooted or Unrooted Trees	483
12.5.3	Tree Types.....	484
12.5.4	Project Goals and Appropriate DNA Sequences.....	485
12.5.5	Sequence Comparisons With BLAST	485
12.5.6	Aligning Sequences	486
12.5.7	Constructing Phylogenies	486
12.5.8	Artifacts	490
12.6	The Universal Tree of Life	491
12.6.1	Three Domains.....	491
12.6.2	Origin of Eukaryota	493
12.7	The Fossil Record of Arthropods	494
12.8	Molecular Analyses of Arthropod Phylogeny	498
12.8.1	Evolution of the Ecdysozoa.....	498
12.8.2	Relationships Among the Arthropoda	498
12.8.3	The Phylogeny of the Holometabola.....	498
12.8.4	Congruence Between Morphology- and Molecular-Based Trees.....	499
12.8.5	Genomes and Arthropod Phylogenies	499
12.9	Molecular Evolution and Speciation.....	500
12.9.1	Species Concepts	500
12.9.2	How Many Genes Are Involved in Speciation?.....	502
12.9.3	Detecting Cryptic Species.....	504
12.10	Some Conclusions.....	504
	References	505
	Relevant Journals	513
	Further Reading	513
Chapter 13	Insect Population Ecology and Molecular Genetics	515
13.1	Overview	516
13.2	Introduction	517
13.3	What is Molecular Ecology?	517
13.4	Collecting Arthropods for Analysis	518
13.5	Molecular Ecological Methods	518
13.5.1	Allele-Specific PCR.....	520
13.5.2	Allozymes (Protein Electrophoresis)	521
13.5.3	Amplified Fragment Length Polymorphisms (AFLP-PCR)	521
13.5.4	Double-Strand Conformation Polymorphism (DSCP)	522

13.5.5	Microarrays	522
13.5.6	Microsatellites	522
13.5.7	RFLP Analysis	524
13.5.8	PCR-RFLP	525
13.5.9	RAPD-PCR	525
13.5.10	Sequencing	526
13.6	Analyses of Molecular Data	528
13.7	Case Studies in Molecular Ecology and Population Biology	529
13.7.1	Genetic Variability in the Fall Armyworm: "Incipient" Species or Multiple Species?	529
13.7.2	Analyses of Natural Enemies	531
13.7.3	Population Isolation and Introgression in Periodical Cicadas	533
13.7.4	Eradicating Medflies in California?	537
13.7.5	Plant Responses to Insect Herbivory	547
13.7.6	Origins of Insect Populations	548
13.8	Applied Pest Management	550
13.8.1	Monitoring Biotypes, Species, and Cryptic Species	551
13.8.2	Monitoring Vectors of Disease	553
13.8.3	Pesticide Resistances and Pest Management	553
13.8.4	Monitoring Pest-Population Biology	554
13.8.5	The "So What?" Test	554
	References	555
	Relevant Journals	561
	Further Reading	561

Chapter 14 Genetic Modification of Pest and Beneficial Insects for Pest

	Management Programs	563
14.1	Overview	564
14.2	Introduction	565
14.3	Why Genetically Modify Insects?	568
14.3.1	Beneficial Insects	568
14.3.2	Pest Insects	569
14.4	Why Use Molecular-Genetic Methods?	570
14.5	What Genetic Modification Methods are Available?	573
14.5.1	Transposable-Element (TE) Vectors and Transgenesis	573
14.5.2	Paratransgenesis (Genetic Modification of Symbionts)	574
14.5.3	Viral Vectors	576
14.5.4	Transfer of <i>Wolbachia</i> From Another Arthropod	577
14.5.5	Site-Specific Modifications: ZFNs, TALENs, and CRISPR Systems	578
14.5.6	RNAi to Control Pests	579
14.6	Methods to Deliver Exogenous Nucleic Acids Into Arthropod Tissues	583
14.7	What Genes to Target?	583

14.8	Why Are Regulatory Signals Important?	583
14.9	How Are Modified Arthropods Identified?	584
14.10	How to Deploy Genetically Modified Pest and Beneficial Arthropods.....	584
14.11	Potential Risks Associated With Releases of Genetically Modified Arthropods.....	587
14.11.1	Could Gene Silencing/Loss Reduce Program Effectiveness?	587
14.11.2	Relative Risks	588
14.11.3	General Risk Issues.....	588
14.11.4	Horizontal Transfer (HT).....	589
14.12	Permanent Releases of Genetically Modified Arthropods Into the Environment	590
14.12.1	Models to Predict.....	591
14.13	Regulatory Issues: Releases of Genetically Modified Arthropods.....	592
14.14	Conclusion	606
	References	608
	Further Reading	620
	Glossary	621
	Index	659