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### DESCRIPTION

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The aim of the *Journal of Commodity Markets (JCM)* will be to publish high-quality research in all areas of economics and finance related to commodity markets. The research may be theoretical, empirical, or policy-related. The *JCM* will place an emphasis on originality, quality, and clear presentation.

The purpose of the journal is also to stimulate international dialog among academics, industry participants, traders, investors, and policymakers with mutual interests in commodity markets. The mandate for the journal is to present ongoing work within commodity economics and finance. Topics can be related to financialization of commodity markets; pricing, hedging, and risk analysis of commodity derivatives; risk premia in commodity markets; real option analysis for commodity project investment and production; portfolio allocation including commodities; forecasting in commodity markets; corporate finance for commodity-exposed corporations; econometric/statistical analysis of commodity markets; organization of commodity markets; regulation of commodity markets; local and global commodity trading; and commodity supply chains. Commodity markets in this context are energy markets (including renewables), metal markets, mineral markets, agricultural markets, livestock and fish markets, markets for weather derivatives, emission markets, shipping markets, water, and related markets. This interdisciplinary and trans-disciplinary journal will cover all commodity markets and is thus relevant for a broad audience. Commodity markets are not only of academic interest but also highly relevant for many practitioners, including asset managers, industrial managers, investment bankers, risk managers, and also policymakers in governments, central banks, and supranational institutions.

For queries related to the journal, please contact [jocm@elsevier.com](mailto:jocm@elsevier.com)

### IMPACT FACTOR

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## ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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Authors thinking of submitting an article to the Journal of Commodity Markets (JCOMM) should first consider carefully whether the paper falls within the 'Aims and Scope' of the journal as described on the journal homepage, <https://www.journals.elsevier.com/journal-of-commodity-markets>, i.e. that it presents ongoing work within commodity economics and finance. The Aims and Scope also includes a list of topics covered which may provide further guidance as to whether the paper is likely to be of interest to JCOMM.

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Submitted papers that have little direct relationship to the core JCOMM issues, even if such papers are good, are likely to be desk rejected as 'out of scope'. In addition, papers that do address a JCOMM issue, but do not meet our quality standards, are also likely to be desk rejected. Problems with quality include: insufficient intellectual depth; an analysis that is inappropriate to the research question being asked, or not sufficiently rigorous; that the language, style, or grammar does not conform to accepted standards of scholarship; or that the paper is excessively long. Authors should write in a complete but concise style and, if possible, submit manuscripts that are no longer than about 40 pages, when formatted according to our preparation guidelines described below. The third reason and final reason for desk rejection is that the paper makes only a marginal contribution to the field of research.

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No more than two major revisions will be allowed for each paper, followed by a minor revision (which entails such things as removing typos, clarifying meanings, updating references, etc). Major revisions must be resubmitted within 25 weeks from request for revision and minor revisions should not take more than 2 weeks, unless there are mitigating circumstances. All major revisions that are not submitted within the expected time frame will be 'dropped' and are considered as new submission, should they be submitted at a later stage. All papers that do not make it to the minor-revisions-only stage after two major revisions will be rejected.

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## **PREPARATION**

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*3.1.1. Testing vectors* (Level 3. This subheading in *italics* NOT bold. Periods after numbers.)

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State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

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The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

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