

Journal of Tropical Ecology

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Scope of the journal

Papers may deal with terrestrial, freshwater and strand/coastal tropical ecology, and both those devoted to the results or original research as well as those which form significant reviews will be considered. Papers normally should not exceed 6000 words of text. *Short Communications* are acceptable: they should not exceed six printed pages in total length. *Books for review* should be sent to the Book Review Editor: Dr E.V.J. Tanner, Department of Plant Sciences, Downing Street, University of Cambridge, Cambridge CB2 3EA, UK.

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The submission of a manuscript will be taken to imply that the material is original, and that no similar paper has been published or is currently submitted for publication elsewhere. The original typescript and three complete copies must be submitted. Original figures should not be sent until they are requested; instead, submit four photocopies with the copies of your text and tables. In your covering letter please indicate the number of pages of text, references and appendices and the number of tables, figures and plates. Papers are first inspected for suitability by the Editor or a Board member. Those suitable papers are then critically reviewed by usually two or three expert persons. On their advice the Editor provisionally accepts, or rejects, the paper. If acceptance is indicated the manuscript is usually returned to the author for revision. In some cases a resubmission is invited and on receipt of the new version the paper will be sent to a third referee. If the author does not return the revised or resubmitted version within six months the paper will be classified as rejected. Final acceptance is made when the manuscript has been satisfactorily revised.

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When a revised ms is being returned the author is requested to send a copy of the final version on computer disk (Apple Macintosh or IBM compatible PC) *together with* the hard copy typescript, giving details of the wordprocessing software used (e.g. Microsoft Word, Word or Word Perfect). However, the publisher reserves the right to typeset material by conventional means if an author's disk proves unsatisfactory.

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Page 3 *et seq.* The main body of the text may contain the following sections in the sequence indicated: (a) Introduction, (b) Methods, (c) Results, (d) Discussion, (e) Acknowledgements, (f) Literature Cited, (g) Appendices, (h) Tables, (i) Legends to Figures. An extra section between (a) and (b) for Study Site *or* Study Species might be necessary.

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Units of measurement. Measurements must be in metric units; if not, metric equivalents must also be given. The minus index (m^{-1} , mm^{-3}) should be used except where the unit is an object, e.g. 'per tree', not 'tree⁻¹'). Use d^{-1} , mo^{-1} and y^{-1} for per day, per month and per year.

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FLEMING, T. H. 1982. Foraging strategies of plant-visiting bats. Pp. 287-325 in Kunz, T. H. (ed.). *Ecology of bats*. Plenum Press, New York. 425 pp.

GOH, A. H. & SASEKUMAR, A. 1980. The community structure of the fringing coral reef, Cape Rachado. *Malayan Nature Journal* 34:25-27.

MONTGOMERY, G. G., BEST, R. C. & YAMAKOSHI, M. 1981. A radio-tracking study of the American manatee *Trichechus inunguis* (Mammalia: Sirenia). *Biotropica* 13:81-85.

WHITMORE, T. C. 1984. *Tropical rain forests of the Far East* (2nd edition). Oxford University Press, Oxford. 352 pp.

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