

# **CURRENT OPINION IN FOOD SCIENCE**

# **AUTHOR INFORMATION PACK**

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# DESCRIPTION

The Current Opinion journals were developed out of the recognition that it is increasingly difficult for specialists to keep up to date with the expanding volume of information published in their subject. In Current Opinion in Food Science, we help the reader by providing in a systematic manner: The views of experts on current advances in food science in a clear and readable form. Evaluations of the most interesting papers, annotated by experts, from the great wealth of original publications. Division of the subject into sections

The subject of food science is divided into themed sections, each of which is reviewed once a year. Food Physics and Materials Science Food Engineering and Processing Food Toxicology Food Chemistry and Biochemistry Food Bioprocessing Food Microbiology Food Safety Food Mycology Sensory Sciences and Consumer Behavior Functional Foods and Nutrition Foodomics Technologies Innovations in Food Science Section Editors, who are major authorities in the field, are appointed by the Editors of the journal. They divide their section into a number of topics, ensuring that the field is comprehensively covered and that all issues of current importance are emphasized. Section Editors commission reviews from authorities on each topic that they have selected.

# Reviews

Authors write short review articles in which they present recent developments in their subject, emphasizing the aspects that, in their opinion, are most important. In addition, they provide short annotations to the papers that they consider to be most interesting from all those published in their topic over the previous year.

# Editorial Overview

Section Editors write a short overview at the beginning of the section to introduce the reviews and to draw the reader's attention to any particularly interesting developments.

Invited authors are encouraged to visit our Guide for Authors for information on article submission.

# **IMPACT FACTOR**

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# ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

COMPENDEX Scopus

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# INTRODUCTION

The Current Opinion journals were developed out of the recognition that it is increasingly difficult for specialists to keep up to date with the expanding volume of information published in their subject. In the Current Opinion journals, we help the reader by providing in a systematic manner: (1) The views of experts on current advances in the field in a clear and readable form. (2) Evaluations of the most interesting papers, annotated by experts, from the great wealth of original publications. *Division of the subject into sections* 

The subject of food science is divided into themed sections, each of which is reviewed once a year.

- Food Physics and Materials Science
- Food Engineering and Processing
- Food Toxicology
- Food Chemistry and Biochemistry
- Food Bioprocessing
- Food Microbiology
- Food Safety
- Food Mycology
- Sensory Sciences and Consumer Behavior
- Functional Foods and Nutrition
- Foodomics Technologies
- Innovations in Food Science

The aim of the manuscript is to review recent articles, with particular emphasis on those articles published in the **past two years**. In addition to describing recent trends, you are encouraged to give your subjective opinion of the topics discussed, although you should not concentrate unduly on your own research. Your review should be approximately 2000 words (not including references or reference notes), with approximately 50 references and, as such, the review is intended to be a concise view of the feld as it is at the moment, rather than a comprehensive overview. Our audience ranges from student to professor, so articles must be accessible to a wide readership. Please avoid jargon, but do not oversimplify: be accurate and precise throughout. Occasionally, unpublished data can be referred to, but only when essential and should never be used to substantiate any signifcant point.

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# PREPARATION

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# Introduction

The introduction should be accessible to a wide variety of scientists by avoiding the use of jargon and concepts not familiar to non-specialists. It should outline the time period covered and the scope of the review, including the importance of and rationale behind your article. The introduction should include only a few background references.

# Main text of review

Use concise, logical subheadings to provide clear links between the different sections and guide the reader through your review. Please write all abbreviations in full on first use, and use the abbreviation thereafter.

# Conclusions

The conclusions section should summarise the topics discussed and describe future directions, including the author's opinions, as appropriate.

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Example: "..... as demonstrated [3,6]. Barnaby and Jones [8] obtained a different result ...."

*List:* Number the references (numbers in square brackets) in the list in the order in which they appear in the text.

Examples:

Reference to a journal publication:

[1] de Alba E, Antoro J, Rico MA, Jimenez MA: *De novo* design of a monomeric three-stranded anti-parallel β-sheet. *Protein Sci* 1999, 8:854-865.

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[2] Archer MD, Barber J (Eds): *Molecular to Global Photosynthesis.* Imperial College Press; 2004. Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

[3] Barber J, Kuhlbrandt W: **Photosynthesis and photoconversion.** In *Molecular to Global Photosynthesis.* Edited by Archer M, Barber J. Imperial College Press; 2004:3-89.

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# Annotations

The majority of the references (please aim to cite approximately 50) should come from the period under review (i.e. **the past two years**) and, in general, at least 10% of these should be selected and annotated as being papers of special interest (\*) or outstanding interest (\*\*). Annotated references MUST be from the past two years, and the annotation should provide a brief description of the major findings and the importance of the study. **This is an essential part of each review** and is very popular with our readers. For example:

# ""30. Wong FS, Karttunen J, Dumont C, Wen L, Visintin I, Pilip IM, Shastri N, Pamer EG, Janeway CA Jr: Identification of an MHC class I-restricted autoantigen in type 1 diabetes by screening an organ-specific cDNA library.

# Nat Med 1999, 5:1026-1031.

Using class I tetramers, the authors demonstrate that insulin-specific CD8+ T cells account for a large proportion of infiltrated T cells in the islets of prediabetic NOD mice. This is the first study to use peptide multimers to decipher the mechanism of autoimmunity.

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